

Table 1 (continued)

Title	Reference	Retracted by	DOI	Refcode
{ μ -6,6'-Dimethoxy-2,2'-[ethane-1,2-diylbis(nitrilomethylidyne)]diphenolato}- μ -nitrate-dinitratoeuropium(III)zinc(II)	Hu <i>et al.</i> (2008)	Author	10.1107/S160053680706151X	MIRPAF
Bis(4-chloro-2-formylphenolato)nickel(II)	Li <i>et al.</i> (2008)	Author	10.1107/S1600536807056309	RISTET
{ μ -6,6'-Dimethoxy-2,2'-[ethane-1,2-diylbis(nitrilomethylidyne)]diphenolato}- μ -nitrate-dinitratoerbium(III)zinc(II)	Chen <i>et al.</i> (2008)	Author	10.1107/S1600536808006958	QIXHIP
Bis(2-ethoxy-6-formylphenolato- $\kappa^2 O^1, O^6$)nickel(II)	Han (2008)	Journal	10.1107/S160053680800809X	QIXLIT
{ μ -6,6'-Dimethoxy-2,2'-[ethane-1,2-diylbis(nitrilomethylidyne)]diphenolato}- μ -nitrate-dinitratoholmium(III)zinc(II)	Xiao, Sui <i>et al.</i> (2008)	Author	10.1107/S1600536808013743	BIZTUA
{ μ -6,6'-Diethoxy-2,2'-[ethane-1,2-diylbis(nitrilomethylidyne)]diphenolato}-trinitratoholmium(III)nickel(II)	Xiao, Fu <i>et al.</i> (2008)	Author	10.1107/S1600536808013755	BIZVAI
Hydrogen-bonding patterns in the cocrystal terephthalic acid-4,4'-bipyridine (2I)	Wang <i>et al.</i> (2009)	Journal	10.1107/S160053680903236X	DUCZEH
{6,6'-Dimethoxy-2,2'-[ethane-1,2-diylbis(nitrilomethylidyne)]diphenolato- $1\kappa^4 O^1, O^1, O^6, O^6:2\kappa^4 O^1, N, N', O^1$ } (ethanol- $1\kappa O$)- μ -nitrate- $1:2\kappa^2 O:O'$ -dinitrato- $1\kappa^2 O, O'$ -samarium(III)zinc(II)	Huang <i>et al.</i> (2009)	Journal	10.1107/S1600536809033558	YUCWAV

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2,6-Dimethoxybenzohydrazide

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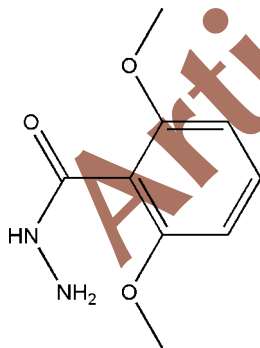
Received 1 May 2007; accepted 8 May 2007

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 294$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.005$ Å; R factor = 0.066; wR factor = 0.109; data-to-parameter ratio = 20.4.

The title compound, $\text{C}_9\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_2\text{O}_3$, is an important intermediate for the synthesis of biologically active heterocyclic compounds. The planar hydrazide group is oriented with respect to the benzene ring at a dihedral angle of $82.93(3)^\circ$.

Related literature

For general background, see: Zheng *et al.* (2003); Al-Talib *et al.* (1990); Yousif *et al.* (1986); Ahmad *et al.* (2001); Al-Soud *et al.* (2004); El-Emam *et al.* (2004); Allen *et al.* (1987); Furniss *et al.* (1978).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_9\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_2\text{O}_3$
 $M_r = 196.21$

Orthorhombic, $Pbca$
 $a = 7.2598(5)$ Å

$b = 14.2558(11)$ Å
 $c = 20.0412(11)$ Å
 $V = 2074.1(2)$ Å³
 $Z = 8$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.10$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 294(2)$ K
 $0.16 \times 0.14 \times 0.06$ mm

Data collection

Bruker APEXII diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 1996)
 $T_{\min} = 0.981$, $T_{\max} = 0.993$

14489 measured reflections
2615 independent reflections
1044 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.043$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.066$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.109$
 $S = 1.99$
2615 reflections

128 parameters
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.37$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.40$ e Å⁻³

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 1998); cell refinement: *SAINTE* (Bruker, 1999); data reduction: *SAINTE*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 1997); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 1997); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Bruker, 1999); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*, *PARST* (Nardelli, 1995) and *PLATON* (Spek, 2003).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HK2245).

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supplementary materials

Article retracted

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2,6-Dimethoxybenzohydrazide

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Comment

Aromatic hydrazides are important intermediates in heterocyclic chemistry and have been used for the synthesis of various biologically active five-membered heterocycles such as 2,5-disubstituted-1,3,4-oxadiazoles (Zheng *et al.*, 2003; Al-Talib *et al.*, 1990) and 5-substituted-2-mercapto-1,3,4-oxadiazoles (Yousif *et al.*, 1986; Ahmad *et al.*, 2001; Al-Soud *et al.*, 2004; El-Emam *et al.*, 2004). In view of the versatility of these compounds, we have synthesized the title compound, (I), and reported its crystal structure.

In the molecule of the title compound, (I), (Fig. 1), the bond lengths and angles are within normal ranges (Allen *et al.*, 1987). The dihedral angle between the planar hydrazidic group (C9/O3/N1/N2) and benzene ring (C1—C6) is 97.07 (3)°.

Experimental

The title compound, (I), is synthesized by reaction of the methyl ester of 3,5-difluorobenzoic acid with hydrazine hydrate using a reported procedure (Furniss *et al.*, 1978). For the preparation of (I), a mixture of methyl-2,6-dimethoxybenzoate (1.96 g, 10 mmol) and hydrazine hydrate (80%, 15 ml) in absolute ethanol (50 ml) was refluxed for 5 h at 413–423 K. The excess solvent was removed by distillation. The solid residue was filtered off, washed with water and recrystallized from ethanol (30%) to give the title compound (yield 1.78 g, 91%; m.p. 517–519 K). Colorless single crystals of (I) were obtained by slow evaporation of an ethanol solution at room temperature.

Refinement

H atoms were positioned geometrically, with N—H = 0.86 Å (for NH and NH₂) and C—H = 0.93 and 0.96 Å for aromatic and methyl H atoms, respectively, and constrained to ride on their parent atoms, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = xU_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}, \text{N})$, where $x = 1.5$ for methyl H, and $x = 1.2$ for all other H atoms.

Figures

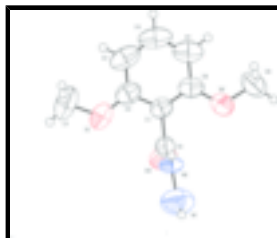


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title molecule, with the atom-numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level.

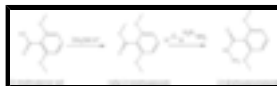


Fig. 2. The formation of the title compound.

2,6-Dimethoxybenzohydrazide

Crystal data

$C_9H_{12}N_2O_3$

$M_r = 196.21$

Orthorhombic, *Pbca*

Hall symbol: -P 2ac 2ab

$a = 7.2598$ (5) Å

$b = 14.2558$ (11) Å

$c = 20.0412$ (11) Å

$V = 2074.1$ (2) Å³

$Z = 8$

$F_{000} = 832$

$D_x = 1.257$ Mg m⁻³

Melting point: 244(2) K

Mo *K*α radiation

$\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 1520 reflections

$\theta = 2.7\text{--}24.9^\circ$

$\mu = 0.10$ mm⁻¹

$T = 294$ (2) K

Block, colourless

$0.16 \times 0.14 \times 0.06$ mm

Data collection

Bruker APEXII
diffractometer

Radiation source: rotating-anode generator

Monochromator: graphite

$T = 294$ (2) K

φ and ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)

$T_{\min} = 0.981$, $T_{\max} = 0.993$

14489 measured reflections

2615 independent reflections

1044 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.043$

$\theta_{\text{max}} = 28.7^\circ$

$\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.9^\circ$

$h = -9 \rightarrow 9$

$k = -19 \rightarrow 19$

$l = -26 \rightarrow 26$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.066$

$wR(F^2) = 0.109$

$S = 1.99$

2615 reflections

128 parameters

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct
methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring
sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + 0.1639P]$$

where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.37$ e Å⁻³

$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.40$ e Å⁻³

Extinction correction: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 1997),

$$F_c^* = kF_c[1 + 0.001 \times F_c^2 \lambda^3 / \sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$$

Extinction coefficient: 0.0102 (7)

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R-factors R are based on F, with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and R- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O1	-0.0885 (3)	0.45612 (13)	0.41648 (11)	0.0982 (7)
O2	0.4159 (3)	0.29139 (14)	0.33521 (9)	0.0827 (6)
O3	-0.0195 (3)	0.24193 (13)	0.37742 (10)	0.0873 (6)
N1	0.1159 (4)	0.1846 (2)	0.49375 (14)	0.1344 (12)
H1A	0.0378	0.1475	0.4751	0.161*
H1B	0.1633	0.1701	0.5317	0.161*
N2	0.1671 (3)	0.27065 (13)	0.46145 (9)	0.0542 (5)
H2A	0.2450	0.3082	0.4796	0.065*
C1	0.1691 (4)	0.37920 (17)	0.37441 (12)	0.0623 (7)
C2	0.0721 (5)	0.4629 (2)	0.38130 (15)	0.0787 (9)
C3	0.1419 (6)	0.5447 (2)	0.35300 (17)	0.1006 (11)
H3A	0.0796	0.6014	0.3575	0.121*
C4	0.3060 (6)	0.5399 (3)	0.31813 (17)	0.1075 (13)
H4A	0.3530	0.5945	0.2994	0.129*
C5	0.4017 (5)	0.4583 (3)	0.31005 (15)	0.0969 (11)
H5A	0.5103	0.4572	0.2855	0.116*
C6	0.3336 (4)	0.3771 (2)	0.33932 (13)	0.0713 (8)
C7	-0.1954 (5)	0.5395 (2)	0.42662 (18)	0.1352 (15)
H7A	-0.3034	0.5246	0.4522	0.203*
H7B	-0.2314	0.5648	0.3842	0.203*
H7C	-0.1230	0.5850	0.4503	0.203*
C8	0.5861 (4)	0.2843 (2)	0.29912 (15)	0.1081 (11)
H8A	0.6286	0.2205	0.3001	0.162*
H8B	0.6766	0.3243	0.3194	0.162*
H8C	0.5670	0.3034	0.2537	0.162*
C9	0.0935 (4)	0.29037 (18)	0.40452 (14)	0.0637 (7)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
O1	0.1089 (17)	0.0674 (13)	0.1182 (17)	0.0212 (13)	0.0054 (15)	-0.0019 (12)
O2	0.0755 (14)	0.0910 (15)	0.0816 (13)	-0.0016 (12)	0.0144 (11)	0.0078 (11)

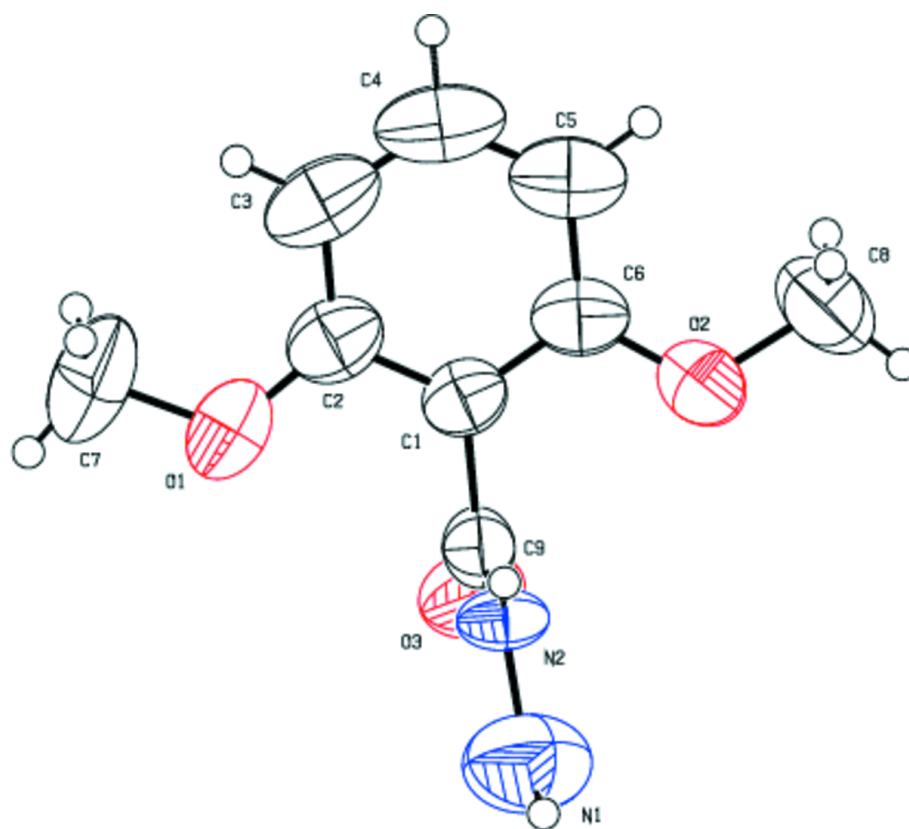
supplementary materials

O3	0.0909 (15)	0.0748 (13)	0.0963 (15)	-0.0186 (12)	-0.0211 (12)	0.0075 (11)
N1	0.128 (3)	0.142 (3)	0.133 (3)	-0.016 (2)	-0.016 (2)	0.043 (2)
N2	0.0614 (13)	0.0551 (12)	0.0461 (11)	-0.0188 (11)	-0.0156 (11)	0.0142 (10)
C1	0.0708 (19)	0.0545 (16)	0.0617 (17)	-0.0057 (16)	-0.0072 (16)	-0.0024 (14)
C2	0.096 (2)	0.0639 (19)	0.077 (2)	-0.0052 (19)	-0.0124 (19)	-0.0016 (17)
C3	0.137 (3)	0.060 (2)	0.104 (3)	-0.011 (2)	-0.031 (2)	0.0052 (19)
C4	0.139 (4)	0.082 (3)	0.102 (3)	-0.043 (3)	-0.019 (3)	0.024 (2)
C5	0.109 (3)	0.092 (2)	0.090 (2)	-0.032 (2)	-0.007 (2)	0.016 (2)
C6	0.082 (2)	0.0689 (19)	0.0632 (18)	-0.0172 (18)	-0.0092 (17)	0.0040 (16)
C7	0.149 (4)	0.092 (3)	0.164 (4)	0.052 (3)	-0.001 (3)	-0.017 (2)
C8	0.082 (2)	0.138 (3)	0.104 (2)	-0.002 (2)	0.027 (2)	0.016 (2)
C9	0.0566 (17)	0.0564 (17)	0.078 (2)	0.0001 (14)	0.0090 (16)	-0.0064 (15)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

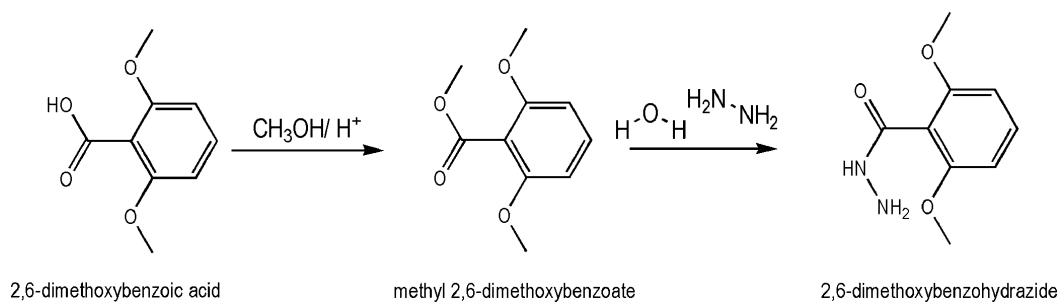
O1—C2	1.366 (3)	C2—C3	1.393 (4)
O1—C7	1.434 (3)	C3—C4	1.383 (4)
O2—C6	1.362 (3)	C3—H3A	0.9300
O2—C8	1.436 (3)	C4—C5	1.364 (4)
O3—C9	1.202 (3)	C4—H4A	0.9300
N1—N2	1.436 (3)	C5—C6	1.390 (4)
N1—H1A	0.8600	C5—H5A	0.9300
N1—H1B	0.8600	C7—H7A	0.9600
N2—C9	1.291 (3)	C7—H7B	0.9600
N2—H2A	0.8600	C7—H7C	0.9600
C1—C6	1.386 (3)	C8—H8A	0.9600
C1—C2	1.393 (3)	C8—H8B	0.9600
C1—C9	1.506 (3)	C8—H8C	0.9600
C2—O1—C7	118.4 (3)	C4—C5—H5A	120.7
C6—O2—C8	118.1 (2)	C6—C5—H5A	120.7
N2—N1—H1A	120.0	O2—C6—C5	124.5 (3)
N2—N1—H1B	120.0	O2—C6—C1	115.3 (3)
H1A—N1—H1B	120.0	C5—C6—C1	120.2 (3)
C9—N2—N1	118.5 (2)	O1—C7—H7A	109.5
C9—N2—H2A	120.7	O1—C7—H7B	109.5
N1—N2—H2A	120.7	H7A—C7—H7B	109.5
C6—C1—C2	120.3 (3)	O1—C7—H7C	109.5
C6—C1—C9	119.9 (2)	H7A—C7—H7C	109.5
C2—C1—C9	119.7 (3)	H7B—C7—H7C	109.5
O1—C2—C3	125.5 (3)	O2—C8—H8A	109.5
O1—C2—C1	115.0 (3)	O2—C8—H8B	109.5
C3—C2—C1	119.5 (3)	H8A—C8—H8B	109.5
C2—C3—C4	118.5 (3)	O2—C8—H8C	109.5
C2—C3—H3A	120.7	H8A—C8—H8C	109.5
C4—C3—H3A	120.7	H8B—C8—H8C	109.5
C5—C4—C3	122.8 (3)	O3—C9—N2	123.8 (3)
C5—C4—H4A	118.6	O3—C9—C1	123.4 (3)
C3—C4—H4A	118.6	N2—C9—C1	112.7 (2)
C4—C5—C6	118.6 (3)		

Fig. 1



Article

Fig. 2



Article retracted